

NICHOLAS LIMITED EDITION, INC.
CLASS I – NCLEX
CLASS N – NNLEX

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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This Statement of Additional Information is not a prospectus and contains information in addition to and more detailed than that set forth in the current Class I shares Prospectus or Class N shares Prospectus of Nicholas Limited Edition, Inc. (the "Fund"), each dated April 30, 2025. It is intended to provide you with additional information regarding the activities and operations of the Fund, and should be read in conjunction with the Fund's current Prospectuses, as they may be revised from time to time. The Fund's Prospectuses provide the basic information you should know before investing in the Fund. Additional information about the Fund's investments are available in the Fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports (collectively, the "Shareholder Reports") and in Form N-CSR. The Fund's Annual Report contains a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that affected the Fund's performance during the Fund's last fiscal year. Form N-CSR contains the Fund's annual and semi-annual financial statements and other information.

To obtain a free copy of the Fund's Prospectuses, Shareholder Reports and financial statements and other information, please visit www.nicholasfunds.com, or write or call the Fund at the address and telephone number set forth above.

Investment Adviser
NICHOLAS COMPANY, INC.

April 30, 2025

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INTRODUCTION

Nicholas Limited Edition, Inc. (the "Fund") was incorporated under the laws of Maryland on January 26, 1987. The Fund is an open-end, diversified management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). This type of investment company is commonly called a mutual fund. As an open-end investment company, it obtains its assets by continuously selling shares of its common stock, \$0.01 par value, to the public. Proceeds from such sales are invested by the Fund in securities of other companies. In this manner, the resources of many investors are combined and each individual investor has an interest in every one of the securities owned by the Fund. The Fund provides each individual investor with diversification by investing in the securities of many different companies in a variety of industries and furnishes experienced management to select and watch over its investments. As an open-end investment company, the Fund will redeem any of its outstanding shares on demand of the owner at their net asset value next determined following receipt of the redemption request. The investment adviser to the Fund is Nicholas Company, Inc. (the "Adviser").

In accordance with a Multiple Class Plan adopted pursuant to Rule 18f-3 under the 1940 Act the Fund currently offers two classes of shares for investors - Class I and Class N shares. Class I is the class of shares comprising the original Fund. Class I shares are generally available to institutions and individuals willing to make a significant initial investment and are not subject to any distribution fees. Class N shares are generally available to retail investors and institutions and assess a combined distribution fee and servicing fee of up to 0.35%. More information regarding the Rule 12b-1 Plan and Shareholder Servicing Plan can be found under the sub-heading "Distribution of Fund Shares."

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The investment objectives and strategies of the Fund described in this Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), supplement the investment objectives and investment strategies disclosures in the Fund's Prospectus under the caption "INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS." Please read the Prospectus in conjunction with this Statement of Additional Information. Set forth below is additional information on the other Fund investment strategies and permissible investments, and their associated risks, which the Fund may use in an effort to obtain its primary objectives.

EQUITY SECURITIES - The equity securities which may be purchased by the Fund include common, preferred and convertible preferred stocks, and securities having equity characteristics such as rights, warrants and convertible debt securities. See "Convertible Securities." Common stocks and preferred stocks represent equity ownership interests in a corporation and participate in the corporation's earnings through dividends that may be declared by the corporation. Unlike common stocks, preferred stocks are entitled to stated dividends payable from the corporation's earnings, which in some cases may be "cumulative" if prior stated dividends have not been paid. Dividends payable on preferred stock have priority over distributions to holders of common stock, and preferred stocks generally have preferences on the distribution of assets in the event of the corporation's liquidation. Preferred stocks may be "participating," which means that they may be entitled to dividends in excess of the stated dividend in certain cases. The rights of common and preferred stocks are generally subordinate to rights associated with a corporation's debt securities.

Convertible Securities - Convertible securities may be purchased by the Fund. These securities include convertible debt obligations and convertible preferred stock. A convertible security entitles the holder to exchange it for a fixed number of shares of common stock (or other equity security), usually at a fixed price within a specified period of time. Until conversion, the holder receives the interest paid on a convertible bond or the dividend preference of a preferred stock.

Convertible securities have an "investment value" which is the theoretical value determined by the yield it provides in comparison with similar securities without the conversion feature. The investment value changes based upon prevailing interest rates and other factors. They also have a "conversion value" which is the worth in market value if the security were exchanged for the underlying equity security. Conversion value fluctuates directly with

the price of the underlying security. If conversion value is substantially below investment value, the price of the convertible security is governed principally by its investment value. If the conversion value is near or above investment value, the price of the convertible security generally will rise above investment value and may represent a premium over conversion value due to the combination of the convertible security's right to interest (or dividend preference) and the possibility of capital appreciation from the conversion feature. A convertible security's price, if influenced primarily by its conversion value, will generally yield less than a senior non-convertible security of comparable investment value. Convertible securities may be purchased at varying price levels above their investment values or conversion values. However, there is no assurance that any premium above investment value or conversion value will be recovered because prices change and, as a result, the ability to achieve capital appreciation through conversion may never be realized.

Initial Public Offerings - The Fund also may invest in Initial Public Offerings ("IPOs") of equity securities. IPOs involve special risks because they are new issues and have not been previously publicly traded. Some of these risks include, but are not limited to, unseasoned trading, lack of investor knowledge of the company and limited operating history, all of which may contribute to price volatility.

Other Investment Companies – The Fund may invest in shares of other investment companies including shares of closed-end investment companies, unit investments trusts, open-end investment companies and exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"). Investing in other investment companies involves substantially the same risks as investing directly in the underlying instruments, but may involve additional expenses. Certain types of investment companies, such as closed-end investment companies, issue a fixed number of shares that trade on a stock exchange or over-the-counter at a premium or discount to their net asset value. Others are continuously offered at their net asset value, but may also be traded in the secondary market. ETFs can be passively-managed funds that seek to achieve the same return as a particular market index (often called index funds), or can be actively-managed funds that buy or sell investments consistent with a stated investment objective.

The Fund may invest in other investment companies to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. As noted above, investments in other investment companies involve additional fees. The purchase and sale of securities of other investment companies may include brokerage commissions. The Fund may be limited in its ability to redeem its shares of other investment companies.

Special Corporate Situation Investments - The Fund may invest in securities of companies that may be involved in special corporate situations, the occurrence of which would favorably affect the values of the companies' equity securities. Such situations could include, among other developments, the following: a change in management or management policies; the acquisition of a significant equity position in the company by an investor or investor group; a merger, reorganization or the sale of a division; the spin-off of a subsidiary, division, or other substantial assets; or a third-party or issuer tender offer. The primary risk of this type of investing is that if the contemplated transaction is abandoned, revised, delayed or becomes subject to unanticipated uncertainties, the market price of the securities may decline below the purchase price paid by the Fund.

In general, securities that are the subject of a special corporate situation sell at a premium to their market prices immediately prior to the announcement of the situation. However, the increased market price of these securities sometimes reflects a discount from what the stated or appraised value of the security would be if the contemplated transaction were approved or consummated. These investments may be advantageous when the following occur: (1) the discount significantly overstates the risk of the contingencies involved; (2) the discount significantly undervalues the securities, assets or cash to be received by shareholders of the prospective portfolio company as a result of the contemplated transactions; or (3) the discount fails adequately to recognize the possibility that the offer or proposal may be replaced or superseded by an offer or proposal of greater value. The evaluation of these contingencies requires unusually broad knowledge and experience on the part of the Adviser, which must appraise not only the value of the issuer and its component businesses as well as the assets or securities to be received as a result of the contemplated transaction, but also the financial resources and business motivation of the offeror as well as the dynamics of the business climate when the offer or proposal is in progress.

The Fund's special corporate situation investments may tend to increase its turnover ratio, thereby increasing its brokerage and other transaction expenses. The Adviser attempts to select investments of the type described that, in its view, have a reasonable prospect of capital appreciation that is significant in relation to both the risk involved and the potential of available alternate investments.

FIXED INCOME SECURITIES - The Fund may invest in bonds and other types of debt obligations of U.S. and foreign issuers. Fixed income securities purchased by the Fund may include, among others: bonds, notes and debentures issued by corporations; debt securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or one of its agencies or instrumentalities ("U.S. Government Securities"); municipal securities; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and debt securities issued or guaranteed by foreign governments, their agencies, instrumentalities or political subdivisions, or by government owned, controlled or sponsored entities, including central banks. The Fund has no restrictions regarding the rating or credit quality of the debt securities it may purchase or hold in its portfolio. Investors should recognize that, although securities ratings issued by S&P Global Ratings ("S&P") and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") or any other nationally recognized statistical rating organization ("NRSRO's") provide a generally useful guide as to credit risks, they do not offer any criteria to evaluate interest rate risk. Changes in interest rate levels generally cause fluctuations in the prices of fixed income securities and will, therefore, cause fluctuations in the net asset value per share of the Fund. Subsequent to the purchase of a fixed income security by the Fund, the ratings or credit quality of such security may deteriorate. Subsequent adverse changes in the rating or quality of a security held by the Fund would not require the Fund to sell the security.

Variable and Floating Rate Securities - Fixed income securities purchased by the Fund may include variable and floating rate securities. The interest rates payable on these securities are adjusted either at pre-designated periodic intervals or whenever there is a change in an established market rate of interest. Other features may include a right whereby the Fund may demand prepayment of the principal amount prior to the stated maturity (a "demand feature") and the right of an issuer to prepay the principal amount prior to maturity. One benefit of variable and floating rate securities is that, because of interest rate adjustments on the obligation, changes in market value that would normally result from fluctuations in prevailing interest rates are reduced. One benefit of a demand feature is enhanced liquidity.

Non-Investment Grade Debt Securities - The Fund may invest in both investment grade and non-investment grade debt securities. Non-investment grade debt securities (typically called "junk bonds") are securities that are considered to be predominantly speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal.

Companies that issue certain of these debt securities often are highly leveraged and may not have available to them more traditional methods of financing. Therefore, the risk associated with acquiring the securities of such issuers generally is greater than is the case with higher-grade securities. For example, during an economic downturn or a sustained period of rising interest rates, highly leveraged issuers of these securities may not have sufficient revenues to meet their interest payment obligations. The issuer's ability to service its debt obligations also may be affected adversely by specific corporate developments, forecasts or the unavailability of additional financing. The risk of loss because of default by the issuer is significantly greater for the holders of these securities because such securities generally are unsecured and often are subordinated to other creditors of the issuer.

Because there is no established retail secondary market for many of these debt securities, the Fund anticipates that such securities could be sold only to a limited number of dealers or institutional investors. To the extent a secondary trading market for these securities does exist, it generally is not as liquid as the secondary market for higher-grade securities. The lack of a liquid secondary market may have an adverse impact on market price and yield of the issue and the Fund's ability to dispose of particular issues when necessary to meet the Fund's liquidity needs or in response to a specific economic event such as deterioration in the creditworthiness of the issuer. The lack of a liquid secondary market for certain securities also may make it more difficult for the Fund to obtain accurate market quotations for purposes of valuing the Fund's portfolio and calculating its net asset value. Adverse publicity and investor perceptions, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may decrease the values and liquidity of these securities. In such cases, judgment may play a greater role in valuation because less reliable, objective data may be available.

These debt securities also may be particularly susceptible to economic downturns. It is likely that an economic recession could disrupt severely the market for such securities and may have an adverse impact on the value of such securities. In addition, it is likely that any such economic downturn could adversely affect the ability of the issuers of such securities to repay principal and pay interest thereon and increase the incidence of default for such securities.

The Fund may acquire these securities during an initial offering. Such securities may involve special risks because they are new issues. The Fund has no arrangement with any person concerning the acquisition of such securities, and the Adviser will review the credit and other characteristics pertinent to such new issues.

Zero Coupon Securities - Fixed income securities purchased by the Fund may include zero coupon securities. These securities do not pay any interest until maturity and, for this reason, zero coupon securities of longer maturities may trade at a deep discount from their face or par values and may be subject to greater fluctuations in market value than ordinary debt obligations of comparable maturity. Current federal tax law requires the holder of a zero coupon security to accrue a portion of the discount at which the security was purchased as income each year even though the holder receives no interest payment that year.

FOREIGN SECURITIES - Although the Fund invests principally in equity securities of U.S. companies, it may invest in equity and fixed income securities of foreign issuers, including depository receipts (such as American Depositary Receipts) that represent an indirect interest in securities of foreign issuers. Investments in foreign securities are affected by risk factors generally not thought to be present in the U.S. With respect to such securities, there may be more limited information publicly available concerning the issuer than would be the case with respect to domestic securities, different accounting standards may be used by foreign issuers and foreign trading markets may not be as liquid as U.S. markets. Foreign securities also involve such risks as currency risks, possible imposition of withholding or confiscatory taxes, possible currency transfer restrictions, expropriation or other adverse political or economic developments and the difficulty of enforcing obligations in other countries. These risks may be greater in emerging markets and in less developed countries.

The purchase of securities denominated in foreign currencies will subject the value of the Fund's investments in those securities to fluctuations due to changes in foreign exchange rates. To hedge against the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates, the Fund may enter into foreign exchange contracts. These contracts represent agreements to exchange an amount of currency at an agreed upon future date and rate. The Fund will generally use foreign exchange contracts only to "lock in" the price in U.S. dollars of a foreign security that the Fund plans to purchase or to sell, but in certain limited cases may use such contracts to hedge against an anticipated substantial decline in the price of a foreign currency. Foreign exchange contracts will not be used in all cases and, in any event, cannot completely protect the Fund against all changes in the values of foreign securities resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Although the Fund's primary investment objective is growth, and the Fund intends to be primarily invested in common stocks, the Fund also may invest in cash, cash equivalents and repurchase agreements. Cash and cash equivalent securities will generally be retained by the Fund in an amount sufficient to provide moderate liquid reserves so that the Fund has sufficient cash to meet shareholder redemption requests and other operating expenses. In addition, if the Fund's Adviser believes the market conditions are unfavorable for profitable investing, or when the Adviser is otherwise unable to locate attractive investment opportunities, the Fund's position in cash or cash equivalent securities may increase. There is no limitation as to the percentage of Fund assets that may be invested in cash or cash equivalents. Certain circumstances, such as significant adverse market, economic, and political circumstances may arise in which the Fund takes a temporary defensive position. For defensive purposes, the Fund may temporarily invest all or a substantial portion of its assets in high quality fixed income securities and money market instruments, or may temporarily hold cash in such amounts as the Adviser deems appropriate.

Money Market Instruments - Money market instruments are high quality, short-term fixed income obligations (which generally have remaining maturities of one year or less), and may include: U.S. Government Securities; commercial paper; certificates of deposit and banker's acceptances issued by domestic branches of United States banks that are members of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; and repurchase agreements for U.S. Government Securities. In lieu of purchasing money market instruments, the Fund may purchase shares of money market mutual funds that invest primarily in U.S. Government Securities and repurchase agreements involving those securities, subject to certain limitations imposed by the 1940 Act. The Fund, as an investor in a money market fund, will indirectly bear the fees and expenses of that fund, which will be in addition to the fees and expenses of the Fund.

Repurchase Agreements - The Fund may enter into repurchase agreements involving the types of securities which are eligible for purchase by the Fund. However, there is no limitation upon the maturity of the securities underlying the repurchase agreements. Repurchase Agreements may be utilized by the Fund in lieu of purchasing money market instruments. Repurchase agreements, which may be viewed as a type of secured lending by the Fund, typically involve the acquisition by the Fund of debt securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or one of its agencies or instrumentalities (collectively, "U.S. Government Securities") or other securities from a selling financial institution such as a bank, savings and loan association or broker-dealer. The agreement provides that the Fund will sell back to the institution, and that the institution will repurchase, the underlying security ("collateral") at a specified price and at a fixed time in the future, usually not more than seven days from the date of purchase. The Fund will receive interest from the institution until the time when the repurchase is to occur. Although such date is deemed to be the maturity date of a repurchase agreement, the maturities of securities subject to repurchase agreements are not subject to any limits and may exceed one year.

Repurchase agreements involve certain risks not associated with direct investments in debt securities. Repurchase agreements are agreements under which the Fund purchases securities from a bank or a securities dealer that agrees to repurchase the securities from the Fund at a higher price on a designated future date. If the seller under a repurchase agreement becomes insolvent, the Fund's right to dispose of the securities may be restricted, or the value of the securities may decline before the Fund is able to dispose of them. In the event of the commencement of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings with respect to the seller of the securities before the repurchase of the securities under a repurchase agreement is accomplished, the Fund may encounter delay and incur costs, including a decline in the value of the securities, before being able to sell the securities. If the seller defaults, the value of such securities may decline before the Fund is able to dispose of them. If the Fund enters into a repurchase agreement that is subject to foreign law and the other party defaults, the Fund may not enjoy protections comparable to those provided to certain repurchase agreements under U.S. bankruptcy law, and may suffer delays and losses in disposing of the collateral as a result.

Reverse Repurchase Agreements - The Fund also may enter into reverse repurchase agreements. Under a reverse repurchase agreement, the Fund agrees to sell a security in its portfolio and then to repurchase a security at an agreed-upon price, date and interest payment. The Fund will maintain cash or high-grade liquid debt securities with a value equal or greater to the Fund's obligation under the agreement, including accrued interest, in a segregated account with the Fund's custodian. The securities subject to reverse repurchase agreements will be marked-to-market daily. Although reverse repurchase agreements are borrowings under the 1940 Act, the Fund does not treat these agreements as borrowings under its investment restriction so long as the segregated account is properly maintained.

SHORT SALES – The Fund may engage in short sale transactions when and to the extent deemed advisable by the Adviser. Short selling involves the sale of borrowed securities in anticipation that the market price of the security will decline. When the Fund makes a short sale, it must borrow the security sold short to make delivery to the buyer. The Fund then is obligated to replace the security borrowed by purchasing the security at the market price at the time of replacement. The price at such time may be more or less than the price at which the security was sold by the Fund. The Fund may have to pay a premium to borrow the security and is obligated to pay the lender amounts equal to any dividends or interest that accrue during the period of the loan. If the price of the security sold short increases between the time of the short sale and the time the Fund replaces the borrowed security, the Fund will incur a loss. Conversely, if the price declines, the Fund will realize a gain. Any gain will be decreased, and any loss increased, by the premium and transaction costs described above. Although the Fund's gain is limited to the price at which it sold the security short, the potential loss is theoretically unlimited.

While the short sale is outstanding, the Fund is required to collateralize its obligations, which has the practical effect of limiting the extent to which the Fund may engage in short sales. The proceeds of the short sale will be retained by the broker, to the extent necessary to meet its margin requirements, until the short position is closed out. In general, the Fund will also be required to pledge additional cash or liquid securities to the broker as collateral for its obligations, such that the cash held by the broker and the additional pledged cash and securities equals at least 150% of the current market value of the securities sold short. Until the Fund closes its short position, the Fund will be required to (a) maintain with its custodian a segregated account, which will be marked-to-market daily, containing cash or liquid securities (which may include equity securities) such that the amount deposited in the segregated account plus the amount deposited with the broker as collateral will equal the current market value of the security sold short or (b) otherwise cover the Fund's short position (known as a short sale "against-the-box"). The Fund may also cover its short position by owning the security sold short or by holding a call option on the security with a strike price no higher than the price at which the security was sold.

The Fund may make a short sale in order to hedge against market risks when it believes that the price of a security owned by the Fund may decline or when the Fund does not want to sell the security it owns. The Fund will incur transaction costs, including interest expense, in connection with opening, maintaining and closing short sales.

WHEN-ISSUED AND DELAYED DELIVERY SECURITIES - The Fund may purchase or sell securities on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis subject to applicable limits under the 1940 Act. In these transactions, securities are purchased or sold by the Fund with payment and delivery taking place as much as 35 days or less in the future. The Fund engages in these transactions to secure an advantageous price or yield at the time of entering into the transactions. However, the value of securities purchased on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis is subject to market fluctuation such that a loss may occur if the value of the security to be purchased declines prior to the settlement date, or if the value of the security to be sold increases prior to the settlement date. No dividends or interest accrues to the purchaser during the period before the settlement date.

ILLIQUID SECURITIES - The Fund may invest up to 15% of the value of its net assets in illiquid securities. Illiquid securities are those securities that the Fund cannot sell or dispose of in the ordinary course of business within seven days at approximately the value at which the Fund carries the securities. These securities include restricted securities and repurchase agreements maturing in more than seven days. Restricted securities are securities that may not be sold to the public without an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), and thus, may be sold only in privately negotiated transactions or pursuant to an exemption from registration. Subject to the adoption of guidelines by the Board of Directors of the Fund, certain restricted securities that may be sold to institutional investors pursuant to Rule 144A under the 1933 Act and non-exempt commercial paper may be determined to be liquid by the Adviser. Illiquid securities involve the risk that the securities will not be able to be sold at the time desired by the Adviser or at prices approximating the value at which the Fund is carrying the securities.

LENDING PORTFOLIO SECURITIES - The Fund may lend its portfolio securities to brokers, dealers and financial institutions as permitted under the 1940 Act. Currently the 1940 Act requires that the value of the loaned securities may not exceed one-third of the Fund's total net assets and loans of the portfolio securities must be fully collateralized based on the values that are marked-to-market daily. These loans will be secured by collateral (consisting of cash, U.S. Government Securities or irrevocable letters of credit) maintained in an amount equal to at least 100% of the market value, determined daily, of the loaned securities. The Fund may, subject to certain notice requirements, at any time call the loan and obtain the return of the securities loaned. The Fund will be entitled to payments equal to the interest and dividends on the loaned securities and may receive a premium for lending the securities. The advantage of such loans is that the Fund continues to receive the income on the loaned securities while at the same time earning interest on the cash amounts deposited as collateral, which will be invested in short-term investments.

A loan may be terminated by the borrower on one business days' notice, or by the Fund on four business days' notice. If the borrower fails to deliver the loaned securities within four days after receipt of notice, the Fund could use the collateral to replace the securities while holding the borrower liable for any excess of replacement cost exceeding the collateral. As with any extensions of credit, there are risks of delay in recovery and in some cases even loss of rights in the collateral should the borrower of the securities fail financially. In addition, securities lending involves a form of leverage, and the Fund may incur a loss if securities purchased with the collateral from securities loans decline in value or if the income earned does not cover the Funds transactions costs. However, loans of securities will only be made to firms deemed by the Board of Directors to be creditworthy (such creditworthiness will be monitored on an ongoing basis) and when the income which can be earned from such loans justifies the attendant risks. Upon termination of the loan, the borrower is required to return the securities. Any gain or loss in the market price during the loan period would inure to the Fund.

BORROWING - The Fund may borrow money for temporary or emergency purposes, including meeting redemption requests, and for investment purposes, as permitted by the 1940 Act, and subject to the investment restrictions discussion herein. See "INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS." Borrowing involves special risk considerations. Interest costs on borrowings may fluctuate with changing market rates of interest and may partially offset or exceed the return earned on borrowed funds (or on the assets that were retained rather than sold to meet the needs for which the monies were borrowed). Under adverse market conditions, the Fund may have to sell portfolio securities to meet interest or principal payments at a time when investment considerations would not favor such sales.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS – The Fund may take advantage of opportunities in the area of options, futures, options on futures and any other derivative instruments that are not presently contemplated for use by the Fund or that are not currently available, but which may be developed, to the extent such opportunities are consistent with the Fund's investment goals, upon establishment of appropriate internal policies and procedures and are legally permissible for the Fund.

Except as otherwise may be stated, all percentage limitations on the Fund's investment practices apply at the time of an investment or a transaction. Accordingly, except with respect to borrowing and restrictions on illiquid securities, a later change in any percentage resulting from a change in value of the investment or the total value of the Fund's assets will not constitute a violation of such restriction.

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The Fund has adopted the following restrictions, which are matters of fundamental policy and cannot be changed without the approval of the holders of a majority of its outstanding shares, or, if less, 67% of the shares represented at a meeting of shareholders at which 50% or more of the holders are represented in person or by proxy.

1. The Fund will not act as an underwriter of securities of other issuers, except as permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder or pursuant to an exemptive order granted by the SEC; provided that this restriction does not prevent the Fund from engaging in transactions involving the acquisition, disposition or resale of portfolio securities, regardless of whether the Fund may be considered an underwriter under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and does not prevent the Fund from selling its own shares.
2. The Fund may not make loans of money or securities, except that the Fund may lend money through the purchase of permitted investments, including repurchase agreements, and may lend its portfolio securities subject to the applicable percent of net assets prescribed by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, currently an amount not exceeding 33 1/3% of the value of the Fund's total assets.
3. The Fund may not purchase or sell real estate unless as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments, but this shall not prevent the Fund from investing in securities of other instruments backed by real estate or interests therein or in securities of companies that deal in real estate or mortgages.
4. The Fund will not purchase physical commodities or contracts relating to physical commodities.
5. The Fund may not borrow money or issue any class of senior securities, except to the extent permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, currently 33 1/3% of the net assets of the Fund and any exemptive relief obtained by the Fund.
6. The Fund may purchase the securities of any one issuer only to the extent that such purchases are consistent with the Fund's classification as a "diversified company" as defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, which currently provide that, with respect to at least 75% of the Fund's total assets, the Fund may not (a) invest more than 5% of the value of such assets in the securities of any one issuer, or (b) invest in more than 10% of the voting securities of any one issuer.
7. The Fund will not concentrate its investments in any particular industry. Whether the Fund is concentrating in an industry shall be determined in accordance with the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and any exemptive relief obtained by the Fund.

Except as otherwise may be stated, all percentage limitations on the Fund's investment practices apply at the time of an investment or a transaction. Accordingly, except with respect to borrowing and restrictions on illiquid securities, a later change in any percentage resulting from a change in value of the investment or the total value of the Fund's assets will not constitute a violation of such restriction.

Investment Restrictions Which May Be Changed Without Shareholder Approval

The Fund's Board of Directors (the "Board") has adopted the following investment restrictions which may be changed by the Board without shareholder approval:

- The Fund may not purchase securities of other investment companies, except to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act, the rules and regulations thereunder and any exemptive relief obtained by the Fund.
- The Fund may not purchase securities which are illiquid, including repurchase agreements maturing in more than seven days, if as a result more than 15% of the value of the Fund's net assets would be so invested.
- In accordance with fundamental policy No. 5, the Fund may not issue senior securities or borrow money in excess of 33 1/3% of the Fund's total assets at the time of issuance or borrowing, except that the Fund may borrow up to an additional 5% of its total assets (not including the borrowed amount) for temporary purposes. The Fund may borrow from banks for temporary or emergency purposes (such as meeting redemption requests) and for investment purposes.

The Board will give advance notice to shareholders of any change to these investment restrictions.

Except as otherwise may be stated, all percentage limitations on the Fund's investment practices apply at the time of an investment or a transaction. Accordingly, except with respect to borrowing and restrictions on illiquid securities, a later change in any percentage resulting from a change in value of the investment or the total value of the Fund's assets will not constitute a violation of such restriction.

Portfolio Turnover Rate

The portfolio turnover rate for the Fund is calculated by dividing the lesser of purchases or sales of portfolio investments for the reporting period by the monthly average value of the portfolio investments owned during the reporting period. The calculation excludes all securities, including options, whose maturities or expiration dates at the time of acquisition are one year or less. Portfolio turnover may vary greatly from year to year as well as within a particular year, and may be affected by changes in the holdings of specific issuers, by cash requirements for redemption of shares and by requirements which enable the Fund to receive favorable tax treatment.

Although the Fund does not intend to invest for the purpose of seeking short-term profits, securities in the portfolio will be sold whenever the investment adviser believes it is appropriate to do so in light of the Funds' investment objective without regard to the length of time a particular security may have been held. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the turnover rate for the Fund was 12.81% compared to 12.38% for the year ended December 31, 2023. The year-to-year increase in the portfolio turnover rate was the result of both changes in market conditions and investment opportunities available during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings

The Fund's Board of Directors has approved policies and procedures developed by the Adviser governing the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings. The policies and procedures are reasonably designed to ensure that disclosure of portfolio holdings and information about portfolio holdings is in the best interests of Fund shareholders and consistent with applicable law. In addition, the Fund's policies and procedures are designed to appropriately address the potential for conflicts of interest. There can be no assurance that the policy on portfolio holdings disclosure will be effective in protecting the Fund from the potential misuse of holdings by individuals or firms in possession of that information.

The policy and procedures generally prohibit the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio schedule until it has been made available to the public through regulatory filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or posted to the Fund's website. The Fund's complete portfolio holdings are made available to the public on a quarterly basis generally no later than 60 days after the end of each calendar quarter end. A summary of the Fund's portfolio composition is also posted to the Fund's website at www.nicholasfunds.com under the heading "Fact Sheet" generally 10 days or more following a calendar quarter end. This summary composition may include the Fund's top ten holdings and a breakdown by sector.

The policy and procedures provide for certain exceptions to the portfolio holdings release policy described above where (i) disclosures are made for legitimate business purposes, (ii) recipients are subject to a duty of confidentiality and (iii) recipients are subject to a duty to refrain from trading based on the disclosed information or otherwise using the information except as necessary in providing services to the Fund. At the time, the Fund has ongoing arrangements for the disclosure of portfolio holdings for legitimate business purposes with:

1. Designated employees of the Fund's Adviser in the course of performing daily operations of the Fund, including but not limited to, portfolio analysis, compliance and administration, who receive such information daily.
2. Various service providers that require such information in order to assist the Fund with its operations: the Fund's custodian, currently U.S. Bank N.A., firm providing accounting services, currently U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services ("Fund Services"), independent registered public accounting firm, currently Deloitte & Touche LLP, legal counsel, currently Michael Best & Friedrich LLP, order management system, currently Linedata Services Inc., and proxy voting service, currently Institutional Shareholder Services Inc. U.S. Bank N.A., Fund Services, Linedata Services Inc. and Institutional Shareholder Services Inc. receive such information on a daily basis, while Deloitte & Touche LLP and Michael Best & Friedrich LLP receive such information as necessary in connection with professional services provided to the Fund.
3. Financial printers in connection with the printing of Fund publications for distribution to shareholders. Information is provided to printers as soon as practicable after completion of a required reporting period or a reasonable period before a publication target date.
4. Portfolio analysis services: Bloomberg and FactSet. Such information is provided daily.
5. Rating and ranking organizations in connection with those firms' research on and classification of the Fund and in order to gather information about how the Fund attributes (such as turnover and industry and sector diversification) compare with those of peer funds, currently provided within 15 days of month-end: Lipper Inc. and Morningstar.

The Adviser's compliance committee, which is comprised of the Chief Compliance Officer and members of the Adviser's compliance committee designated by the Chief Compliance Officer, have the authority to authorize portfolio disclosures to other third-party service providers not included herein, such as, rating and ranking organizations and intermediaries that may distribute the Fund's shares. Each initial disclosure to an entity or organization of the Fund's portfolio holdings must be authorized by the Chief Compliance Officer or a member of the Adviser's compliance committee designated by the Chief Compliance Officer in accordance with policies and procedures adopted by the Adviser designed to ensure compliance with the 1940 Act and the Investment Advisor's Act of 1940.

The Fund and its Adviser do not receive compensation or other consideration relating to the disclosure of information about the Fund's portfolio securities.

The Fund's Board of Directors will review this policy periodically as part of its ongoing oversight of the Fund's compliance program in addition to receiving periodic reports from the Chief Compliance Officer as to the disclosures made under this policy. The Adviser's compliance committee will review compliance with and the effectiveness of the policies and procedures on an ongoing basis.

THE FUND'S INVESTMENT ADVISER AND ACCOUNTANT

Nicholas Company, Inc., located at 411 East Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202, is the Fund's investment adviser. The Adviser furnishes the Fund with continuous investment services and is responsible for overall management of the Fund's business affairs, subject to supervision by the Fund's Board of Directors. The Adviser is the investment adviser to three other mutual funds and numerous institutions and individuals with substantial investment portfolios.

The annual fee paid to the Adviser is paid monthly and is based on the average net asset value of the Fund as determined by valuations made at the close of each business day of the month. The annual fee is three-fourths of one percent (0.75 of 1%) of the average net asset value of the Fund. The total expenses of Class I and Class N as a percentage of net assets for the year ended December 31, 2024, were 0.85% and 1.15%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, total net assets of the Class I and Class N shares of the Fund were \$471,967,761 and \$20,783,085, respectively. During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the Fund paid the Adviser an aggregate of \$3,599,503, \$3,276,590 and, \$3,521,657, respectively, in fees.

Under an Investment Advisory Agreement with the Fund, the Adviser, at its own expense and without reimbursement from the Fund, furnishes the Fund with office space, office facilities, executive officers and executive expenses (such as health insurance premiums for executive officers). The Adviser also pays all sales and promotional expenses of Class I, other than expenses incurred in complying with laws regulating the issue or sale of securities. In addition, the Fund is required to pay for all of its operating expenses, including, but not limited to, the costs of preparing and printing its registration statements required under the Securities Act of 1933 and the 1940 Act, and any amendments thereto, the expense of registering its shares with the Securities and Exchange Commission and in the various states, the printing and distribution cost of prospectuses mailed to existing shareholders and to persons making unsolicited requests for information, reports to shareholders, interest charges, taxes and legal fees and expenses. Other operating expenses that the Fund is required to pay under the Investment Advisory Agreement include accounting and administrative services provided to the Fund by the Adviser. On July 24, 2006, the Board of Directors, including a majority of the independent directors, approved a proposal by the Adviser providing for the payment for future accounting and administrative services provided by the Adviser in accordance with the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, subject to the following guidelines: (i) up to five basis points, on an annual basis, of the average net asset value of the Fund up to and including \$2 billion and up to three basis points, on an annual basis, of the average net asset value of the Fund greater than \$2 billion, based on the average net asset value of the Fund as determined by valuations made at the close of each business day of each month, and (ii) where the preceding calculation results in an annual payment of less than \$50,000, the Adviser, in its discretion, may charge the Fund up to \$50,000 for such services. Without regard to the actual expenses charged to the Fund by the Adviser, the quality and quantity of services may not be reduced and must be consistent with past practice. During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the Fund paid the Adviser an aggregate of \$79,189, \$72,085 and \$88,410, respectively, in accounting and administrative fees. Prior to November 1, 2004, with limited exceptions, the Adviser did not charge, and was not paid by the Fund, for providing such services. Also included as operating expenses that are paid by the Fund are fees of directors who are not interested persons of the Adviser or officers or employees of the Fund, salaries of administrative and clerical personnel, association membership dues, auditing, accounting and tax consulting services, fees and expenses of any custodian or trustee having custody of Fund assets, printing and mailing expenses, postage and charges and expenses of dividend disbursing agents, registrars and stock transfer agents, including the cost of keeping all necessary shareholder records and accounts and handling any problems related thereto, and certain other costs related to the aforementioned items.

The Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser is not assignable and may be terminated by either party, without penalty, on 60 days' notice. Otherwise, the Investment Advisory Agreement continues in effect so long as it is approved annually by (i) the Board of Directors or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Fund and (ii) in either case, by the affirmative vote of a majority of directors who are not parties to the Investment Advisory Agreement or "interested persons" of the Adviser or of the Fund, as defined in the 1940 Act, cast in person at a meeting called for the purpose of voting for such approval.

David O. Nicholas, President and Lead Portfolio Manager of the Fund, is President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Investment Officer and a Director of the Adviser, and is a controlling person of the Adviser through his ownership of 60% of the outstanding voting securities of the Adviser. Lawrence J. Pavelec, Senior Vice President and Secretary of the Fund, is Executive Vice President, Secretary and Chief Operating Officer of the Adviser. Ryan P. Bushman, Senior Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager of the Fund, is a Vice President of the Adviser. Jennifer R. Kloehn, Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Compliance Officer of the Fund, is Executive Vice President, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser. Aaron D. Hizmi, Vice President and Associate Portfolio Manager of the Fund, is an Assistant Vice President of the Adviser. K. Thor Lundgren, 790 North Water Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, is a Director of the Adviser. Mr. Lundgren is of counsel with the law firm of Michael Best & Friedrich LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, legal counsel to the Fund and the Adviser.

Effective April 1, 2022, Fund Services serves as an accountant to the Fund. In connection with its duties as an accountant, Fund Services prepares and maintains the books, accounts and other documents required by the 1940 Act, calculates each Fund's net asset value, furnishes statistical and research data, clerical, accounting and bookkeeping services and stationery and office supplies, and keeps and maintains the Fund's financial accounts and records. For these services, Fund Services receives an asset-based fee. Effective April 1, 2022, Fund Services also serves as a sub-administrator for the Fund and for these services, Fund Services also receives an asset-based fee. In connection with its duties as a sub-administrator, Fund services provides digital fund data, performance reporting, quarterly IRS compliance testing and tax services to the Fund and combined with its duties as an accountant of the Fund, generally assists in all aspects of the Fund's accounting.

MANAGEMENT - DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGERS OF THE FUND

The overall operations of the Fund are conducted by the officers of the Fund under the control and direction of its Board of Directors. The Board of Directors governs the Fund and is responsible for protecting the interests of shareholders. The Board of Directors consists of individuals who meet periodically throughout the year to oversee the Fund's activities and review the Fund's performance. This review also includes a periodic review of the fees charged to the Fund. The following table sets forth the pertinent information about the Fund's officers and directors as of March 31, 2025. Unless otherwise listed, the business address of each director and officer is 411 East Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, WI 53202. For each Director, information concerning the number of other directorships/trusteeships held by the Director has also been included. Each Director's education, professional training, business, not-for-profit and/or public service background, and commitment to participation on the Board and to the interests of Fund shareholders contribute to his qualification to serve on the Board. Also set forth below are specific experience, qualifications, attributes and skills that are related to each Director's service as a director in light of the Fund's business and structure.

Mr. David Nicholas has more than thirty years of experience in advising the Fund, as well as over thirty-five years of investment management experience in other funds and private accounts.

Mr. John Hauser has extensive business experience, including experience related to banking, investment management and financial matters.

Mr. David Pelisek has extensive business experience, including experience related to investment management and financial matters.

Ms. Julie Van Cleave has extensive business experience, including board service and experience related to financial matters, investment management and risk management.

The Board is comprised of three Independent Directors, i.e., directors who are not "interested persons" as defined in the 1940 Act, and one interested director. Information for Independent Directors is set forth separately from information for the Interested Director below. The chairman of the Board, John A. Hauser, is an independent director. The role of the chairman includes, among other things, coordinating communications with management and other service providers and assisting with administration of Board operations. The Board's oversight function involves supervision of the Adviser and the Fund's operations and its compliance program, with particular focus on risk management, through periodic Board reporting. The Board's role in overseeing the Fund's general risks includes receiving performance reports for the Fund and risk management reports from the Fund's Chief Compliance Officer at each regular Board meeting and regularly receiving reports regarding significant compliance risks. The Board plays a key role overseeing the Fund's financial reporting and valuation risks.

The standing committees of the Fund's Board of Directors include an Audit Committee and a Nominating and Governance Committee. Both committees consist of the Independent Directors, namely John A. Hauser, David P. Pelisek and Julie M. Van Cleave. Mr. Pelisek serves as chairman of the Audit Committee. The Board has determined that Mr. Pelisek is an Audit Committee financial expert. Mr. Hauser serves as chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee.

The Audit Committee is responsible for selecting the independent registered public accounting firm for the Fund and oversees the preparation of the Fund's financial statements. In this capacity, the Audit Committee meets at least annually with the independent registered public accounting firm to discuss any issues surrounding the preparation and audit of the Fund's financial statements. The Audit Committee also discusses with the independent registered public accounting firm the strengths and weaknesses of the systems and operating procedures employed in connection with the preparation of the Fund's financial statements, pricing procedures and the like, as well as the performance and cooperation of staff members responsible for these functions.

The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for overseeing with Fund management the Fund's major financial risk exposures, including the risk of fraud or error, and the steps management has taken to monitor and control these exposures, including the Fund's risk assessment and risk management policies and to aid its oversight and evaluation, the Audit Committee obtains regular periodic reports and other information from the Fund's management and Chief Compliance Officer regarding the Fund's operations. While the Board provides risk oversight, the management of the Fund's risks is carried out on a day-to-day basis by the Adviser, and other Fund service providers. Although the risk management policies and procedures of the Adviser and other Fund service providers are reasonably designed to be effective, there can be no guarantee that they will be effective. The Audit Committee held three meetings during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

The Nominating and Governance Committee nominates candidates for appointment to the Board of Directors to fill vacancies and to nominate candidates for election and re-election to the Board as and when required. The Nominating and Governance Committee generally accepts recommendations for nominations by shareholders of the Fund made within one year prior to the appointment or election of a Director. The Nominating and Governance Committee is also responsible for general governance matters of the Board, such as identifying and recommending best practices, policies, and procedures for the Board. Nominations should be sent to Nicholas Company, Inc., Attention: Chief Compliance Officer, 411 East Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 2100, Milwaukee, WI 53202. The Nominating and Governance Committee held two meetings during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

<u>Name and Age</u>	<u>Positions Held with Fund</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served</u>	<u>Principal Occupations During Past Five Years</u>	<u>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director</u>	<u>Other Directorships Held by Director</u>
<u>INTERESTED DIRECTOR</u>					
David O. Nicholas, 63 (1)	President, Director and Lead Portfolio Manager	(2), 20 years	President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Investment Officer and Director, Nicholas Company, Inc., the Adviser to the Fund and employed by the Adviser since 1986. He has been Lead Portfolio Manager or Portfolio Manager for, and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the portfolios of the Fund and Nicholas II, Inc. since March 1993 and Portfolio Manager of Nicholas Equity Income Fund, Inc. and Lead Portfolio Manager of Nicholas Fund, Inc. since August 2016. He served as Associate Portfolio Manager of Nicholas Fund, Inc. from April 2011 to August 2016. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst.	4	None
<u>DISINTERESTED DIRECTORS</u>					
John A. Hauser, 66	Director	(2), 9 years	Chaplain, Door County Medical Center, 2019 to present. Private Investor, January 2017 to present. Senior Vice President – Trust and Community Relations, Nicolet Bank, October 2016 to December 2016. Senior Vice President – Director of Wealth Services, Nicolet Bank, April 2016 to present. Prior to its acquisition by Nicolet Bank in April 2016, Mr. Hauser served in various senior management roles for Baylake Bank from 1984 to 2008 and from 2009 to April 2016.	4	None

<u>Name and Age</u>	<u>Positions Held with Fund</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served</u>	<u>Principal Occupations During Past Five Years</u>	<u>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director</u>	<u>Other Directorships Held by Director</u>
David P. Pelisek, 66	Director	(2), 5 years	Private Investor, September 2016 to present. Managing Director, Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc., and Partner, Baird Capital Partners Buyout Funds I – V, January 1994 to May 2016.	4	None
Julie M. Van Cleave, 65	Director	(2), 3 years	Private Investor, July 2020 to present. Chief Investment Officer, University of Wisconsin Foundation, July 2013 to June 2020.	4	None
<u>OFFICERS</u>					
Lawrence J. Pavelec, 66	Senior Vice President and Secretary	Annual, 21 years	Executive Vice President, Secretary and Chief Operating Officer, Nicholas Company, Inc., the Adviser to the Fund, and employed by the Adviser since April 2003. He served as Portfolio Manager for and was primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the portfolio of Nicholas High Income Fund, Inc., from April 2008 until the fund's liquidation in July 2020. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst.	N/A	N/A
Jennifer R. Kloehn, 51	Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Compliance Officer	Annual, 9 years	Executive Vice President, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer, Nicholas Company, Inc., the Adviser to the Fund. Compliance Officer and Assistant Vice President, Nicholas Company, Inc., July 2004 to April 2016 and employed by the Adviser since 1998. She is a Certified Public Accountant.	N/A	N/A

<u>Name and Age</u>	<u>Positions Held with Fund</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served</u>	<u>Principal Occupations During Past Five Years</u>	<u>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director</u>	<u>Other Directorships Held by Director</u>
Ryan P. Bushman, 46	Senior Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager	Annual, 4 years	Vice President, Nicholas Company, Inc., the Adviser to the Fund. Co-Portfolio Manager (since February 1, 2021) of the Fund and employed by Nicholas Company, Inc. since October 2020. He was a Co-Portfolio Manager at Rice Hall James & Associates from March 2017 to September 2020. He was an Equity Analyst and Director for the BMO Small-Cap Growth and Mid-Cap Growth products from 2008 to October 2016 at BMO Asset Management Corp. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst.	N/A	N/A
Aaron D. Hizmi, 29	Vice President and Associate Portfolio Manager	Annual, Effective 01/28/2025	Assistant Vice President, Nicholas Company, Inc., the Adviser to the Fund. Mr. Hizmi has been employed by the Adviser since October 2023. Prior to joining the Adviser, Mr. Hizmi was an Equity Associate Analyst at T. Rowe Price, where he began his career in investment management in 2018.	N/A	N/A

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- (1) David O. Nicholas is the only director of the Fund who is an “interested person” of the Fund, as that term is defined in the 1940 Act. Mr. Nicholas is a Director of the Adviser and owns 60% of the outstanding voting securities of the Adviser.
- (2) Until duly elected or re-elected at a subsequent annual meeting of the Fund.

See "The Fund's Investment Adviser" for a description of the relationships of the officers of the Fund to the Adviser and the family relationships between directors of the Adviser and officers and directors of the Fund.

The table below sets forth the aggregate dollar range of shares owned beneficially by each director of the Fund as of December 31, 2024. In addition, the table sets forth the dollar range of shares beneficially owned by each director of the other mutual funds that Nicholas Company, Inc. advises which are overseen by such director as of December 31, 2024.

<u>Name of Director</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in the Fund</u>	<u>Aggregate Dollar Range of Equity Securities in All Registered Investment Companies Overseen by Director in Family of Investment Companies</u>
David O. Nicholas	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
John A. Hauser	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
David P. Pelisek	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
Julie M. Van Cleave	None	None

The Investment Advisory Agreement between the Fund and Nicholas Company, Inc. states that the Fund shall pay the directors' fees of directors who are not interested persons of Nicholas Limited Edition, Inc. The amount of such fees is subject to increase or decrease at any time, but is subject to the overall limitation on the Fund's annual expenses.

The table below sets forth the aggregate compensation received by all directors of the Fund during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. No officers of the Fund receive any compensation from the Fund, but rather, are compensated by the Adviser in accordance with its investment advisory agreement with the Fund.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Aggregate Compensation from the Fund (1)</u>	<u>Pension or Retirement Benefits Accrued As Part of Fund Expenses</u>	<u>Estimated Annual Benefits upon Retirement</u>	<u>Total Compensation From Fund and Fund Complex Paid to Directors (1)</u>
David O. Nicholas (2)	\$ 0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$ 0.00
John A. Hauser (2)	7,225.00	0.00	0.00	38,650.00
David P. Pelisek (2)	7,225.00	0.00	0.00	38,650.00
Julie M. Van Cleave (2)	7,225.00	0.00	0.00	38,650.00

- (1) During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the Fund compensated the disinterested directors at a rate of \$1,806.25 per director per meeting attended. The disinterested directors did not receive any other form or amount of compensation from the Fund Complex during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. All other directors and officers of the Fund were compensated by the Adviser in accordance with its investment advisory agreement.
- (2) Messrs. Nicholas, Hauser and Pelisek and Ms. Van Cleave also are members of the Board of Directors of Nicholas Fund, Inc., Nicholas II, Inc. and Nicholas Equity Income Fund, Inc.

The Fund and the Adviser adhere to Codes of Ethics ("Codes") established and adopted by their Boards of Directors pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act. The Codes govern the personal trading activities of all "Access Persons" of the Fund and the Adviser. Access Persons include every director and officer of the Adviser and the investment companies managed by the Adviser, including the Fund, as well as certain employees of the Adviser and Fund who, in connection with their regular functions and duties, make, participate in, or obtain information regarding the purchase or sale of a security by the Adviser or the Fund, or whose functions relate to the making of a recommendation with respect to such purchases or sales. The Codes are based on the principle that such Access Persons have a fiduciary duty to place the interests of the Fund and the Adviser's clients above their own.

The Codes provide for trading "black out" periods of fifteen calendar days during which time Access Persons may not trade in securities which have been purchased or sold, or are being considered for purchase or sale, by the Fund or any other registered investment company or account to which the Adviser serves as investment adviser, unless the transaction is pre-approved by the Fund or the Adviser, as applicable. In addition, the Codes ban Access Persons from engaging in any manipulative or deceptive practices in connection with certain securities held or to be acquired by the Fund. The Codes also require that Access Persons obtain pre-approval prior to investing in any initial public offering or private placement.

PROXY VOTING GUIDELINES

As a shareholder of the companies in which the Fund invests, the Fund receives proxies to vote at those companies' annual or special meetings. The Fund has adopted Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures ("Proxy Voting Policies") pursuant to which the Fund votes shares owned by the Fund. The Fund always endeavors to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities in accordance with its best judgment as to the advancement of the Fund's investment objectives. The Fund's management reviews the Proxy Voting Policies annually.

Subject to the Board's oversight, the Fund has final authority and fiduciary responsibility for voting proxies received by the Fund; however, it has delegated the implementation of the Fund's Proxy Voting Policies to a proxy voting service that is not affiliated with the Fund or its adviser. In general, the Fund will vote in accordance with the proxy voting recommendations of Institutional Shareholder Services ("ISS"). ISS is an independent firm that specializes in providing a variety of fiduciary-level proxy-related services to institutional investment managers, plan sponsors, custodians, consultants and other institutional investors. ISS services provided include in-depth research, global issuer analysis and voting recommendations. While the Fund generally will review and utilize the recommendations of ISS in making voting decisions, the Fund is in no way obligated to follow such recommendations. In addition to research and recommendations, ISS provides vote execution, reporting and recordkeeping.

The following is a summary of the manner in which the Fund would normally expect to vote on certain matters that typically are included in the proxies that the Fund receives each year; however, each proxy needs to be considered separately and the Fund's vote may vary depending upon the actual circumstances presented. Proxies for extraordinary matters, such as mergers, reorganizations and other corporate transactions, are necessarily considered on a case-by-case basis in light of the merits of the individual transactions.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS, CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND ROUTINE MATTERS - Generally, the Fund supports the company's nominees to serve as directors. The Fund generally supports management on routine corporate matters and matters relating to corporate governance. For example, the Fund generally expects to support management on the following matters: provisions of the corporate charter addressing indemnification of directors and officers; stock repurchase plans; and the selection of independent accountants. The types of matters on corporate governance that the Fund would expect to vote against include: the issuance of preferred shares where the board of directors has complete freedom as to the terms of the preferred; the adoption of a classified board; the adoption of poison pill plans or similar anti-takeover measures; and the authorization of a class of shares not held by the Fund with superior voting rights.

COMPENSATION ARRANGEMENTS AND STOCK OPTION PLANS - The Fund reviews on a case-by-case basis, utilizing ISS research, compensation arrangements and the establishment of stock option plans. The Fund generally believes, if its view of management is favorable enough that the Fund has invested in the company, arrangements that align the interests of management and shareholders are beneficial to long-term performance. However, some arrangements or plans have features that the Fund would oppose. For example, the Fund would vote against an option plan that has the potential to unreasonably dilute the interests of existing shareholders, permit equity overhang that exceed certain levels or that allow for the repricing of outstanding options.

SOCIAL POLICY BASED PROPOSALS - The Adviser considers proposals relating to social, political and environmental issues on a case-by-case basis to determine whether they will have a financial impact on shareholder value. However, we generally vote against proposals requesting reports that are duplicative, related to matters that are not material to the business or that would impose unnecessary or excessive costs.

If the Fund's management believes that a material conflict of interest exists with respect to its exercise of any proxy received by the Fund, the Fund will generally rely on the recommendations of the independent proxy voting service. The Adviser's compliance staff will review any votes where a potential conflict exists and the Fund does not rely on the proxy voting services recommendations. A material conflict of interest may arise, for example, if the company to which the proxy relates is a client of the Adviser or one of its affiliates or if the Adviser or one of its affiliates has a material business relationship with that company.

Every August, commencing in 2004, the Fund will file with the SEC information regarding the voting of proxies by the Fund for the 12-month period ending the preceding June 30th. Shareholders will be able to view such filings without charge on the Commission's website at <http://www.sec.gov> or at the Fund's website at <http://www.nicholasfunds.com>. Shareholders may also obtain a copy of the Proxy Voting Policies by contacting the Fund at 800-544-6547 (toll-free).

PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS

Set forth below are the names and addresses of all holders of the Fund's shares who as of March 31, 2025, own of record, or are known by the Fund to own beneficially, 5% or more of the Fund's shares. These holders are referred to as principal shareholders.

Mrs. Nancy J. Nicholas, 411 East Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 53202, beneficially owned of record 3,583,209 full shares of the Fund's Class I or 23.26% as of March 31, 2025.

Ms. Lynn S. Nicholas, 411 East Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 53202, beneficially owned of record 1,626,993 full shares of the Fund's Class I or 10.56% as of March 31, 2025.

Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. Custody Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Our Customers, 211 Main Street, San Francisco, California 94105, owned of record 1,164,265 full shares of the Fund's Class I, or 7.56%, and 248,047 full shares of the Fund's Class N, or 37.37% as of March 31, 2025. As a beneficial owner of more than 25% of the issued and outstanding Class N shares of the Fund, the Charles Schwab account may be deemed to "control" Class N; as such term is defined in the 1940 Act.

Ms. Susan N. Fasciano, 411 East Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 53202, beneficially owned of record 1,010,527 full shares of the Fund's Class I or 6.56% as of March 31, 2025.

Edward D. Jones & Co, Inc. For the Benefit of Customers, 12555 Manchester Road, Saint Louis, Missouri, 63131, owned of record 808,214 full shares of the Fund's Class I, or 5.25% as of March 31, 2025.

David O. Nicholas, 411 East Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 53202, beneficially owned of record 908,469 full shares of the Fund's Class I or 5.90% as of March 31, 2025.

National Financial Services Corporation For the Exclusive Benefit of Our Customers, 499 Washington Boulevard, Jersey City, New Jersey 07310, owned of record 176,912 full shares of the Fund's Class N, or 26.66% as of March 31, 2025. As a beneficial owner of more than 25% of the issued and outstanding Class N shares of the Fund, the National Financial Services Corporation account may be deemed to "control" Class N; as such term is defined in the 1940 Act.

Empower Trust For the Benefit of Employee Benefit Clients 401K, 8515 East Orchard Road, Greenwood Village, Colorado, 80111, owned of record 45,453 full shares of the Fund's Class N, or 6.85% as of March 31, 2025.

No other persons are known to the Fund to own beneficially or of record 5% or more of the outstanding shares of the Fund's Class I or Class N as of March 31, 2025. All directors and executive officers of the Fund as a group (8 in number) own approximately 5.96% of the outstanding shares of the Fund's Class I and approximately 0.09% of the outstanding shares of the Fund's Class N, respectively, as of March 31, 2025.

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS OF THE FUND

Mr. David O. Nicholas is the Lead Portfolio Manager of the Fund and Mr. Ryan P. Bushman is the Co-Portfolio Manager of the Fund. Mr. Nicholas is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio. The following table identifies the number of accounts (other than the Fund) for which they are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of and total assets of other such accounts within each of the following categories: registered investment companies, other pooled investment vehicles, and other accounts as of December 31, 2024.

Portfolio Manager	Registered Investment Companies, Pooled Investment Vehicles and Other Accounts
David O. Nicholas	3 registered investment companies with \$5,776.1 million in total assets under management and no pooled investment vehicles or other accounts
Ryan P. Bushman	None

There are no accounts with respect to which the advisory fees are based on the performance of the account.

Material conflicts of interest may arise when the Fund's portfolio managers also have day-to-day management responsibilities with respect to one or more other funds or other accounts, as is the case for Mr. David O. Nicholas. These potential conflicts include:

Allocation of Limited Time and Attention. A portfolio manager who is responsible for managing multiple funds and/or accounts may devote unequal time and attention to the management of those funds and/or accounts. The effects of this potential conflict may be more pronounced where funds and/or accounts overseen by a particular portfolio manager have different investment strategies.

Pursuit of Differing Strategies. At times, a portfolio manager may determine that an investment opportunity may be appropriate for only some of the funds and/or accounts for which he exercises investment responsibility, or may decide that certain of the funds and/or accounts should take differing positions with respect to a particular security. In these cases, the portfolio manager may place separate transactions for one or more funds or accounts which may affect the market price of the security or the execution of the transaction, or both, to the detriment or benefit of one or more other funds and/or accounts.

Selection of Brokers - Dealers. Portfolio managers may be able to select or influence the selection of the brokers and dealers that are used to execute securities transactions for the funds and/or accounts that they supervise. In addition to executing trades, some brokers and dealers provide portfolio managers with brokerage and research services (as those terms are defined in Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), which may result in the payment of higher brokerage fees than might have otherwise been available. These services may be more beneficial to certain funds or accounts than to others. Although the payment of brokerage commissions is subject to the requirement that the portfolio manager determine in good faith that the commissions are reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services provided to the fund, a portfolio manager's decision as to the selection of brokers and dealers could yield disproportionate costs and benefits among the funds and/or accounts that he manages.

The Adviser and the Fund have adopted compliance policies and procedures that are designed to address various conflicts of interest that may arise for the Adviser and the individuals that it employs. For example, the Adviser has adopted trade allocation procedures that are designed to facilitate the fair allocation of limited investment opportunities among multiple funds and accounts. There is no guarantee, however, that the policies and procedures adopted by the Adviser and the Fund will be able to detect and/or prevent every situation in which an actual or potential conflict may appear.

The Fund's Portfolio Manager is employed and compensated by the Fund's Adviser, not the Fund. The Adviser compensates its portfolio managers based on the investment performance results of the funds and accounts they manage, the value of the assets in the funds and accounts they manage, in addition to the profitability of the Adviser. As of the Fund's most recently completed fiscal year, December 31, 2024, the Portfolio Manager's compensation consisted of a base salary and an annual discretionary bonus. The Adviser reviews the base salary of the Portfolio Managers annually to ensure that it reflects their performance, is competitive within the industry and coincides with the skill level necessary to manage the Fund. The annual discretionary bonus is determined by the Adviser's Board of Directors based on a number of subjective and objective factors believed by the Adviser's Board of Directors to be material to its decision. Those factors that may be considered include, without limitation, the Fund's relative and actual long-term, intermediate, and short-term performance before taxes, the Fund's performance relative to its benchmarks and peer group, and the portfolio manager's overall contributions to the organization. The benchmarks and peer groups that the Adviser's Board of Directors may consider are determined annually in the board's discretion and may include, without limitation, the Standard and Poor's Indices and the Russell Indices. Deferred compensation is also awarded by the Adviser to key professionals. The deferred compensation plan provides participants with deferred cash awards that appreciate or depreciate based on the investment of the awards in the Nicholas Family of Funds. The awards fully vest after three years. The annual award amount and the investment allocation is at the complete discretion of David O. Nicholas. The plan provides a link between the Adviser's longer-term performance and participant pay, further motivating participants to make a long-term commitment to the Adviser's success and the Nicholas Family of Funds' success.

The table below identifies beneficial ownership (in accordance with Rule 16a-1(a)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) of the Fund's shares by the Portfolio Managers as of December 31, 2024.

Portfolio Manager	Dollar Range of Ownership of Securities
David O. Nicholas	Over \$1,000,000
Ryan P. Bushman	\$100,001 - \$500,000

DISTRIBUTION OF FUND SHARES

Distributor

Quasar Distributors, LLC (the "Distributor"), 3 Canal Plaza, Suite 100, Portland, Maine, 04101, is the distributor of the Funds' shares pursuant to a Distributor Agreement dated May 1, 2005, as amended on March 31, 2020, and October 1, 2021. The Distributor is a registered broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The shares are offered on a continuous basis and the Distributor distributes the shares on a "best efforts" basis.

Distribution Plan

The Fund has adopted a distribution plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 promulgated pursuant to the 1940 Act (the "Distribution Plan") on behalf of the Class N shares of the Fund. Under the Distribution Plan, the Class N shares pay a fee to the Adviser for distribution services (the "Distribution Fee") at up to an annual rate of 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net asset value attributable to Class N shares. The Distribution Plan provides that the Adviser may use all or any portion of such Distribution Fee to finance any activity that is principally intended to result in the sale of the Class N shares, subject to the terms of the Distribution Plan, or to provide certain shareholder services. The activities intended to promote Class N shares may also benefit the Fund's other share class.

The Distribution Fee is payable to the Adviser regardless of the distribution-related expenses actually incurred. Because the Distribution Fee is not directly tied to expenses, the amount of distribution fees paid by Class N shares during any year may be more or less than actual expenses incurred pursuant to the Distribution Plan. For this reason, this type of distribution fee arrangement is characterized by the staff of the SEC as a "compensation" plan.

The Adviser may use the Distribution Fee to pay for services covered by the Distribution Plan including, but not limited to, advertising, compensating underwriters, dealers and selling personnel engaged in the distribution of Class N shares, printing and mailing of prospectuses, statements of additional information and reports to other than current Fund shareholders, printing and mailing of sales literature pertaining to the Fund, and obtaining whatever information, analyses and reports with respect to marketing and promotional activities that the Adviser may, from time to time, deem advisable. Class N commenced operations on March 1, 2005. Payments of \$45,125 and \$35,950 as compensation to financial intermediaries were made for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, under the 12b-1 plan.

The Distribution Plan provides that it will continue from year to year upon approval by the majority vote of the Board of Directors, including a majority of the directors who are not "interested persons" of the Fund, as defined in the 1940 Act, and who have no direct or indirect financial interest in the operations of the Distribution Plan or in any agreement related to such plan (the "Qualified Directors"), as required by the 1940 Act, cast in person at a meeting called for that purpose. It is also required that the directors who are not "interested persons" of the Fund, select and nominate all other directors who are not "interested persons" of the Fund. The Distribution Plan and any related agreements may not be amended to materially increase the amounts to be spent for distribution expenses without approval of shareholders holding a majority of the Class N shares outstanding. All material amendments to the Distribution Plan or any related agreements must be approved by a vote of a majority of the Board of Directors and the Qualified Directors, cast in person at a meeting called for the purpose of voting on any such amendment. The Class N shares are entitled to exclusive voting rights with respect to matters concerning the Distribution Plan.

The Distribution Plan requires that the Adviser provide to the Board of Directors, at least quarterly, a written report on the amounts and purpose of any payment made under the Distribution Plan. The Adviser is also required to furnish the Board of Directors with such other information as may reasonably be requested in order to enable the Board of Directors to make an informed determination of whether the Distribution Plan should be continued. With the exception of the Adviser, no "interested person" of the Fund, as defined in the 1940 Act, and no Qualified Director of the Fund has or had a direct or indirect financial interest in the Distribution Plan or any related agreement.

As noted above, under the Distribution Plan Class N shares may use Fund assets attributable to Class N shares to pay financial intermediaries (including those that sponsor mutual fund supermarkets), plan administrators and other service providers to finance any activity that is principally intended to result in the sale of Class N shares (distribution services). The payments made by the Fund to these financial intermediaries are based primarily on the dollar amount of assets invested in the Fund through the financial intermediaries. These financial intermediaries may pay a portion of the payments that they receive from the Fund to their investment professionals. In addition to the ongoing asset-based fees paid to these financial intermediaries under the Fund's Distribution Plan, the Class N shares of the Fund may, from time to time, make payments under the Distribution Plan that help defray the expenses incurred by these intermediaries for conducting training and educational meetings about various aspects of the Fund for their employees. In addition, the Class N shares may make payments under the Distribution Plan for exhibition space and otherwise help defray the expenses these financial intermediaries incur in hosting client seminars where the Fund is discussed.

To the extent these asset-based fees and other payments made under the Distribution Plan to these financial intermediaries for the distribution services they provide to the Fund's Class N shareholders exceed the Distribution Fees available, these payments are made by the Adviser from its own resources, which may include its profits from the advisory fee it receives from the Fund. In addition, the Fund's Class N shares may participate in various "fund supermarkets" in which a mutual fund supermarket sponsor (usually a broker-dealer) offers many mutual funds to the sponsor's customers without charging the customers a sales charge. In connection with its participation in such platforms, the Adviser may use all or a portion of the Distribution fee to pay one or more supermarket sponsors a negotiated fee for distributing the Fund's Class N shares. In addition, in its discretion, the Adviser may pay additional fees to such intermediaries from its own assets.

Shareholder Servicing Plan

The Fund has adopted a shareholder service plan (the "Service Plan") on behalf of the Class N shares, pursuant to which the Fund pays the Adviser an amount not to exceed 0.10% of the Fund's average daily net assets attributable to Class N shares for providing or arranging for shareholder support services provided to individuals and plans holding Class N shares. The Class N shares of the Fund are responsible for paying shareholder servicing fees to the Adviser and/or various shareholder servicing agents that perform shareholder servicing functions and maintenance of shareholder accounts on behalf of the Class N shareholders. These services may also include the payment to financial intermediaries (including those that sponsor mutual fund supermarkets) and other service providers to obtain shareholder services and maintenance of shareholder accounts (including such services provided by broker-dealers that maintain all individual shareholder account records of, and provide shareholder servicing to, their customers who invest in the Fund through a single "omnibus" account of the broker-dealer).

Under the Service Plan, payments to the Adviser are calculated and paid at least annually. In the event that payments to the Adviser during a fiscal year exceed the amounts expended (or accrued, in the case of payments to certain service organizations) during such fiscal year, the Adviser must refund any such excess to the Class N shares. Payments to the Adviser may be discontinued, or the rate amended, at any time by the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion. The Adviser is authorized to make final and binding decisions as to all matters relating to payments to service organizations.

To the extent these asset-based fees and other payments to these financial intermediaries for shareholder servicing and account maintenance they provide to the Fund exceed the shareholder servicing fees available, these payments are made by the Adviser from its own resources, which may include its profits from the advisory fee it receives from the Fund. In addition, the Fund's Class N shares may participate in various "fund supermarkets" in which a mutual fund supermarket sponsor (usually a broker-dealer) offers many mutual funds to the sponsor's customers without charging the customers a sales charge. The Fund pays the supermarket sponsor a negotiated fee for continuing services, including, without limitations, for maintaining shareholder account records and providing shareholder servicing to their brokerage customers who are shareholders of the Fund. If the supermarket sponsor's shareholder servicing fees exceed the shareholder servicing fees available from the Class N shares of the Fund, then the balance is paid from the resources of the Adviser. Class N commenced operations on March 1, 2005.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION AND PRICING OF FUND SHARES

The sections captioned "PURCHASE OF FUND SHARES" and "REDEMPTION AND EXCHANGE OF FUND SHARES" in the Fund's Prospectus discuss how you may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the Fund and are incorporated into this SAI by reference.

Although not anticipated, it is possible that conditions may arise in the future which would, in the opinion of the Fund's Adviser or Board of Directors, make it undesirable for the Fund to pay for all redemptions in cash. In such cases, the Board may authorize payment to be made in portfolio securities or other property of the Fund. However, the Fund has obligated itself under the 1940 Act to redeem for cash all shares presented for redemption by any one shareholder up to \$250,000 (or 1% of the Fund's net assets if that is less) in any 90-day period. Securities delivered in payment of redemptions would be valued at the same value assigned to them in computing the net asset value per share. Shareholders receiving such securities would incur brokerage costs when these securities are sold.

The right of redemption may be suspended and the date of payment postponed for more than seven days for any period during which the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is closed other than the customary weekend and holiday closings, and may be suspended for any period during which trading on the NYSE is restricted as determined by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), or the SEC has by order permitted such suspension, or the SEC has determined that an emergency exists as a result of which it is not reasonably practicable for the Fund to dispose of its securities or to determine fairly the value of its net assets.

Shareholder purchase, redemption and exchange orders are processed using the net asset value ("NAV") next calculated after receipt of such request in proper order by the Fund (or an Authorized Agent of the Fund). The NAV is determined by dividing the total value in U.S. dollars of the Fund's total net assets by the total number of shares outstanding at that time. Net assets of the Fund are determined by deducting the liabilities of the Fund from the total assets of the Fund. The NAV is determined as of the close of trading on the NYSE on each day the NYSE is open for unrestricted trading. The NYSE is open for trading Monday through Friday except New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Day, President's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth National Independence Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. Additionally, if any of the aforementioned holidays falls on a Saturday, the NYSE generally will not be open for trading on the preceding Friday, and when any such holiday falls on a Sunday, the NYSE will not be open for trading on the succeeding Monday, unless unusual business conditions exist (such as the ending of a monthly or yearly accounting period).

Equity securities traded on a stock exchange will ordinarily be valued on the basis of the last sale price on the date of valuation, on the securities principal exchange, or in the absence of any sale on that day, the closing bid price. For valuing securities traded on the NASDAQ market, the Fund uses the NASDAQ Official Closing Price ("NOCP"). Most debt securities, excluding short-term investments, are valued at the current evaluated bid price. Bid prices for debt securities are obtained from the Fund's pricing service, which utilizes both dealer-supplied valuations and computerized pricing models. Debt securities listed on a national exchange may be priced at the last sale price if the Fund's pricing service believes such price represents market value of the security for institutional trades. The pricing of all debt securities takes into account the fact that the Fund trades in institutional size trading units. Investments in shares of open-end mutual funds, including money market funds, are valued at their daily closing net asset value. Securities for which there are no readily available market quotations will be valued at their then current fair value using methods determined in good faith by the Board of Directors. As an example, a market quotation may not be readily available if the trading of a security is halted by its primary exchange and does not resume before the markets close or the primary exchange experiences technical difficulties. If a security is valued using fair value pricing, the Fund's value for that security is likely to be different from the last quoted market value.

ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING PROGRAM

The Fund has established an Anti-Money Laundering Compliance Program (the "Program") as required by the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act ("USA PATRIOT Act"). In order to ensure compliance with this law, the Fund's Program provides for the development of internal practices, procedures and controls, designation of anti-money laundering compliance officers, an ongoing training program and an audit function to determine the effectiveness of the Program.

Procedures to implement the Program include, but are not limited to, determining that the Fund's transfer agent has established proper anti-money laundering procedures, reporting suspicious and/or fraudulent activity, checking shareholder names against designated government lists, including the Office of Foreign Asset Control ("OFAC") and a complete and thorough review of all new opening account applications. The Fund will not transact business with any person or entity whose identity cannot be adequately verified under the provisions of the USA PATRIOT Act.

DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND FEDERAL TAX STATUS

The Fund intends to qualify annually as a "regulated investment company" under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") and intends to take all other action required to ensure that little or no federal income or excise taxes will be payable by the Fund. As a result, the Fund generally will seek to distribute to its shareholders substantially all of its net investment income and net realized capital gain (after utilization of any available capital loss carryovers). If the Fund fails to qualify as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code, its income will be subject to federal income tax, and dividends paid to shareholders will continue to be subject to federal income tax.

The Code generally imposes a 4% nondeductible excise tax on a regulated investment company, such as the Fund, if it does not distribute to its shareholders during the calendar year an amount equal to 98% of the Fund's net investment income, with certain adjustments, for such calendar year, plus 98% of the Fund's capital gains (if any) for the one-year period ending on October 31 of such calendar year. In addition, an amount equal to any undistributed net investment income or capital gains from the previous calendar year also must be distributed to avoid the excise tax. The excise tax is imposed on the amount by which the Fund does not meet the foregoing distribution requirements. The Fund intends to make distributions necessary to avoid imposition of the excise tax.

For federal income tax purposes, dividends and distributions by the Fund, whether received in cash or invested in additional shares of the Fund, will be taxable to the Fund's shareholders, except those shareholders that are not subject to tax on their income. Net realized long-term gains are paid to shareholders as capital gain distributions. Income distributed from the Fund's net investment income and net realized short-term gains are paid to shareholders as ordinary income dividends. Distributions may be taxable at different rates depending on the length of time the Fund holds a security. Distributions generally will be made annually in December. The Fund will provide information to shareholders concerning the character and federal tax treatment of all dividends and distributions.

Dividends paid by the Fund to individual shareholders will not qualify for any dividends received exclusion; however, corporate shareholders will be eligible for a dividends received deduction, subject to a reduction for various reasons, including the fact that the total of dividends received from domestic corporations in any year are less than 100% of the Fund's gross income.

At the time of purchase of Fund shares, the Fund may have undistributed income or capital gains included in the computation of the NAV. Therefore, a dividend or capital gain distribution received shortly after such purchase by a shareholder may be taxable to the shareholder, although it is, in whole or in part, a return of capital and may have the effect of reducing the NAV.

The foregoing tax discussion relates to federal income taxes only and is not intended to be a complete discussion of all federal tax consequences. You should consult with a tax adviser concerning the federal, state and local tax aspects of an investment in the Fund.

PORTFOLIO TRANSACTIONS AND BROKERAGE

The Adviser decides which securities to buy for the Fund and when to sell them. It also selects the broker or dealer who places the Fund's investment business and negotiates their commissions. The Adviser selects a broker or dealer to execute a portfolio transaction on the basis that such broker or dealer will execute the order as promptly and efficiently as possible, subject to the overriding policy of the Fund. This policy is to obtain the best market price and reasonable execution for all its transactions, giving due consideration to such factors as reliability of execution and the value of research, statistical and price quotation services provided by such broker or dealer. The research services provided by brokers consist of recommendations to purchase or sell specific securities, the rendering of advice regarding events involving specific companies and events and current conditions in specific industries, and the rendering of advice regarding general economic conditions affecting the stock market and the economy. The Fund and the Adviser are not affiliated with any broker or dealer.

Purchases and sales of portfolio securities are frequently placed, without any agreement or undertaking to do so, with brokers and dealers who provide the Adviser with brokerage and research services. Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Section 28(e)") permits the Adviser, under certain circumstances, to cause the Fund to pay a broker or dealer a commission for effecting a transaction in recognition of the value of the brokerage and research service provided by the broker or dealer. Brokerage and research services include (i) furnishing advice as to the value of securities, the advisability of investing in, purchasing or selling securities, and the availability of securities or purchasers or sellers of securities; (ii) furnishing analyses and reports concerning issuers, industries, securities, economic factors and trends, portfolio strategy and the performance of accounts; and (iii) effecting securities transactions and performing functions incidental thereto. Such commissions may be less than, equal to or exceed the amount another broker or dealer would have charged for effecting the transaction.

The Adviser believes it is important to its investment decision-making process to have access to independent research. The Adviser understands that since the brokers and dealers rendering such services are compensated through commissions, such services would be unilaterally reduced or eliminated by the brokers and dealers if none of the Fund's transactions were placed through them. While these services have value which cannot be measured in dollars, the Adviser believes such services do not reduce the Fund's or the Adviser's expenses. Higher commissions may be paid by the Fund, provided (i) the Adviser determines in good faith that the amount is reasonable in relation to the services in terms of the particular transaction or in terms of the Adviser's overall responsibilities with respect to the accounts as to which it exercises investment discretion; (ii) such payment is made in compliance with the provisions of Section 28(e) and other applicable state and federal law; and (iii) in the Adviser's opinion, the total commissions paid by the Fund will be reasonable in relation to the benefits to the Fund over the long term.

In instances where the Adviser determines that the supplemental research and statistical services are of significant value, it is the practice of the Adviser to place the Fund's transactions with brokers or dealers who may charge a higher commission than other brokers or dealers may have charged for the same transaction. The Adviser utilizes research and other information obtained from brokers and dealers in managing its other client accounts. On the other hand, the Adviser obtains research and information from brokers and dealers who transact trades for the Adviser's other client accounts, which is also utilized by the Adviser in managing the Fund's portfolio.

The following table shows the dollar amount of brokerage commissions paid to firms by the Fund for certain research services provided and the approximate dollar amount of the transactions involved for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

	Amount of Commissions Paid to Firms that Provided Research Services ⁽¹⁾	Amount of Brokerage Transactions Involved ⁽¹⁾
The Fund	\$57,417	\$36,619,650

- (1) The provision of such research services was not the only factor considered in the placement of all noted business with such firms. In addition, the amounts disclosed do not include commissions paid to firms who provided unsolicited research services as well as research customarily provided by brokerage firms in the normal course of business.

The Adviser does not specifically negotiate commissions and charges with a broker or dealer in advance of each transaction. The approximate brokerage discount and charges are, however, generally known to the Adviser prior to effecting the transaction. In determining the overall reasonableness of the commissions paid, the Adviser compares the commission rates to those it pays on transactions for its other client accounts and to the rates generally charged in the industry to institutional investors such as the Fund. The commissions also are considered in view of the value of the research, statistical and price quotation services, if any, rendered by the broker or dealer through whom a transaction is placed.

The Adviser may effect portfolio transactions with brokers or dealers who recommend the purchase of the Fund's shares. The Adviser may not allocate brokerage on the basis of recommendations to purchase shares of the Fund.

Over-the-counter market purchases and sales are generally transacted directly with principal market makers who retain the difference between their cost in a security and its selling price. In some circumstances where, in the opinion of the Adviser, better prices and executions are available elsewhere, the transactions are placed through brokers who are paid commissions directly.

The Fund paid aggregate brokerage commissions of approximately \$141,322, \$185,987 and \$336,731 in the fiscal years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Brokerage commissions paid may vary significantly from year to year because of portfolio turnover rates, shareholder, broker-dealer, or other financial intermediary purchase and redemption activity, varying market conditions, changes to investment processes, and other factors.

The Adviser, which is the investment adviser to four registered investment companies (including the Fund) and other advisory clients (collectively, "client accounts"), may occasionally make investment decisions which would involve the purchase or sale of securities for the portfolios of more than one client account at the same time. As a result, the demand for securities being purchased or the supply of securities being sold may increase, and this could have an adverse effect on the price of those securities and/or the size of the position obtained or disposed of by the client accounts. It is the Adviser's policy not to favor one client account over another in making investment recommendations or in placing orders.

The Adviser has adopted procedures that provide generally for the Adviser to aggregate (or "bunch") orders for more than one client account. An aggregated order occurs when the Adviser enters a single order for the purchase or sale of a single security on behalf of more than one client account. The Adviser may aggregate orders when it deems it to be appropriate and in the best interests of the client accounts. Pursuant to the Adviser's trade allocation procedures, client accounts will participate in any aggregated order for a security at the average share price on any given date for all of the Adviser's transactions in that security on behalf of those clients participating in the aggregated order, with transaction costs shared pro rata based on participation. When an aggregated order is only partially filled, the securities purchased generally will be allocated on a pro rata basis to each client account participating in the aggregated order based upon the initial amount requested for the account (subject to certain exceptions) and each participating account will participate at the average share price for the aggregated order on the same business day. Because a pro rata allocation may not always adequately accommodate all facts and circumstances, the trade allocation procedures allow the allocation of securities on a basis other than pro rata. For example, adjustments may be made to eliminate de minimis positions, to give priority to accounts with specialized investment policies and objectives or to consider the unique characteristics of certain accounts (e.g., available cash, industry or issuer concentration, duration or credit exposure).

The Adviser also has adopted procedures governing the allocation of securities issued in initial public offerings ("IPOs") which provide that all portfolio managers for the Adviser's client accounts shall be informed of any opportunity to acquire IPO securities which is presented to or which becomes available to the Adviser or any of its clients. Each client's portfolio manager shall assess whether or not the acquisition of IPO securities is appropriate for, and in the best interests of, his client, based upon multiple factors, including but not limited to the following: (i) the investment objective of the client; (ii) risk tolerance of the client; (iii) market capitalization of the IPO issuer; (iv) nature of the IPO issuer's business and industry; (v) current composition of the client's portfolio (including cash position); and (vi) preference of the portfolio manager for IPO investment opportunities. The IPO procedures provide that a written allocation statement shall be prepared prior to the Adviser submitting an order for IPO securities which identifies the client accounts to participate, the extent of such participation and the basis for allocation among the participating clients in the event the IPO order is partially filled. The allocation in the event of a partial order fill may be based upon a number of factors including but not limited to those specified as factors to be considered in assessing whether or not a client will invest in IPO securities. The procedures provide that any deviation from the initial allocation statement shall be approved by David O. Nicholas and the Adviser's compliance officer.

The Adviser's procedures for allocation of IPO investment opportunities are designed to ensure that all clients are treated fairly and equitably. However, the procedures do not mandate allocation of IPO investment opportunities among its clients in equal amounts or pro rata based upon the size of the client account's assets. Adviser clients, whose accounts are actively traded, have high portfolio turnover rates or invest heavily in all types of IPOs and secondary offerings may receive a greater percentage of IPO allocations than other client accounts without such characteristics.

PERFORMANCE DATA

The average annual total return of each Class of shares of the Fund is calculated according to the following formula:

$$P(1+T)^n = ERV$$

where P equals a hypothetical initial payment of \$1,000; T equals average annual total return; n equals the number of years; and ERV equals the ending redeemable value at the end of the period of a hypothetical \$1,000 payment made at the beginning of the period.

Average annual total return, or "T" in the above formula, is computed by finding the average annual compounded rates of return over the period that would equate the initial amount invested to the ending redeemable value. Average annual total return assumes the reinvestment of all dividends and distributions.

The average annual total return (after taxes on distributions) of each Class of shares is computed by finding the average annual compounded rates of return over the periods that would equate the initial amount invested to the ending value, according to the following formula:

$$P(1+T)^n = ATV_D$$

where "P" equals a hypothetical initial payment of \$1,000; "T" equals average annual total return (after taxes on distributions); "n" equals the number of years; and "ATV_D" equals the ending value of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment made at the beginning of the stated periods at the end of the stated periods, after taxes on Fund distributions but not after taxes on redemptions.

The average annual total return (after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares) of each Class of shares is computed by finding the average annual compounded rates of return over the periods that would equate the initial amount invested to the ending value, according to the following formula:

$$P(1+T)^n = ATV_{DR}$$

where "P" equals a hypothetical initial payment of \$1,000; "T" equals average annual total return (after taxes on distributions); "n" equals the number of years; and "ATV_{DR}" equals ending value of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment made at the beginning of the stated periods at the end of the stated periods, after taxes on Fund distributions and redemptions.

After-tax returns for each Class are calculated using historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. In certain cases the figure representing "Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sales of Fund Shares" may be higher than the other return figures of the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax deduction that benefits the investor. Your actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. If you own Fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account ("IRA"), this information may not apply to your investment.

Cumulative total return represents the simple change in value of an investment over a stated period and may be quoted as a percentage or as a dollar amount. Total returns may be broken down into their components of income and capital (including capital gains and changes in share price) in order to illustrate the relationship between these factors and their contributions to total return.

The Fund's performance data for each Class represents past performance and is not intended to predict or indicate future results. The return and principal value of an investment in each Class of the Fund will fluctuate, and an investor's redemption proceeds may be more or less than the original investment amount.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Nicholas Limited Edition, Inc. is authorized to issue 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of which 39,000,000 shares are designated Class I shares and 11,000,000 shares are designated Class N shares. Each full share of a class has one vote and all shares participate equally in dividends and other distributions, when and as declared by the Board of Directors, and in the residual assets of the Fund in the event of liquidation. There are no conversion or sinking fund provisions applicable to shares, and shareholders have no preemptive rights and may not cumulate their votes in the election of directors. Shares are redeemable and are transferable. Fractional shares entitle the holder to the same rights as whole shares.

Each share of common stock of the Fund is entitled to one vote in electing Directors and other matters that may be submitted to shareholders for a vote. All shares of each class have equal voting rights. However, matters affecting only a particular class can be voted on only by shareholders in that class. Only shareholders of Class N shares of the Fund are entitled to vote on matters submitted to a shareholder vote with respect to the Rule 12b-1 Plan applicable to such class. All shareholders are entitled to receive dividends when and as declared by the Board of Directors from time to time and as further discussed in the Prospectuses of each class.

STOCK CERTIFICATES

Share ownership is electronically recorded. Accordingly, the Fund will not issue certificates evidencing shares purchased. A shareholder's account will be credited with the number of shares purchased, relieving shareholders of responsibility for safekeeping of certificates and the need to deliver them upon redemption. Written confirmations are issued for all purchases of shares. For shareholders who currently hold certificates, they may deliver certificates to the Fund's transfer agent, U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC ("U.S. Bancorp"), and direct that their account be credited with the shares.

ANNUAL MEETING

Under the laws of the State of Maryland, registered investment companies, such as the Fund, may operate without an annual meeting of shareholders under specified circumstances if an annual meeting is not required by the 1940 Act. The Fund has adopted the appropriate provisions in its Articles of Incorporation and will not hold annual meetings of shareholders unless otherwise required to do so.

In the event the Fund is not required to hold annual meetings of shareholders to elect Directors, the Board of Directors of the Fund will promptly call a meeting of shareholders of the Fund for the purpose of voting upon the question of removal of any Director when requested in writing to do so by the record holders of not less than 10% of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Fund. The affirmative vote of two-thirds of the outstanding shares, cast in person or by proxy at a meeting called for such purpose, is required to remove a Director of the Fund. The Fund will assist shareholders in communicating with each other for this purpose pursuant to the requirements of Section 16(c) of the 1940 Act.

SHAREHOLDER REPORTS

Shareholders will be provided at least semiannually with a report showing the Fund's portfolio and other information. After the close of the Fund's fiscal year, which ends December 31, annual financial statements audited by the Fund's Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, Deloitte & Touche LLP, will be made electronically available or sent to shareholders. On February 10, 2025, the Fund's Board of Directors approved a change in the fiscal year end for the Fund from December 31st to October 31st.

CUSTODIAN AND TRANSFER AGENT

U.S. Bank N.A. ("U.S. Bank") acts as Custodian of the Fund. U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, 615 East Michigan Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202, acts as Transfer Agent and Dividend Disbursing Agent of the Fund. As custodian, U.S. Bank holds all securities and cash of the Fund, delivers and receives payment for securities sold, receives and pays for securities purchased, collects income from investments and performs other duties, all as directed by officers of the Fund. U.S. Bank and U.S. Bancorp do not exercise any supervisory function over the management of the Fund, the purchase and sale of securities or the payment of distributions to shareholders.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM AND LEGAL COUNSEL

Deloitte & Touche LLP, 777 East Wisconsin Avenue, 34th Floor, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202, served as the Fund's Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Michael Best & Friedrich LLP, 790 North Water Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202, have passed on the legality of the shares of the Fund being offered by the current Prospectus.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The schedule of investments, the financial statements and notes thereto and the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm contained in the Annual Financial Statements of the Fund for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, which have been filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 30e-1 of the 1940 Act, are incorporated herein by reference. You may obtain a free copy of the Annual Report, the Annual Financial Statements, the Semiannual Report or the Semiannual Financial Statements by writing or calling the Fund or view a copy on the SEC's website at <https://www.sec.gov>.